Central Intelligence Agency



Washington, D.C. 20505

#### DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

19 February 1985

CHINA: PROVINCIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Leadership Changes on the Horizon

#### SUMMARY

The largest turnover in provincial party leaders since Deng Xiaoping and his proteges reorganized the party committees in early 1983 will probably occur this year.\* The 1985 turnover will be driven primarily by Beijing's push to retire cadres over age 65 from provincial party secretary positions. These changes should fine-tune the provincial committees to bring them closer to reformist objectives. As in the past, retirement guidelines will be applied flexibly; we expect that some provincial leaders with special qualifications will remain regardless of age. The national leadership may use the retirement guidelines to remove a small number of holdovers who have ties with Deng Xiaoping's former opponents and who are past retirement age. A few model provincial leaders may be promoted to central positions to replace aging national leaders. We expect that Beijing will use supervised elections to select new provincial leaders in politically troubled areas, and will continue to phase out the "First Secretary" title to foster the appearance of collective leadership.

\*In this paper the term 'province' refers to China's 21 mainland provinces, 5 autonomous regions and 3 special municipalities.

This memorandum was prepared by China Division, Office of East Asian Analysis. Comments and questions are welcome and should be addressed to Chief, Domestic Policy Branch, China Division, OEA at

EA M 85-10032

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1 25X1

•	SECRET		25X1
major shakeup of the pro and streamlining provinc of the committees was ro leaders was reduced by f college-educated cadres	vincial party apparatus ial-level party committe ughly halved, the averag ive to eight years, and on the committees was in has received at least pro-	the number of creased. Since the o-forma support for Deng's	25X1
approach toward reorgani provincial party leaders choices to maintain poli cases, the national lead Deng's former opponent H	over the age of 65 who tical stability and instership permitted provincus Guofeng to remain at	ijing retained a number of were judged to be the best itute reforms. In several	25 <b>X</b> 1
The Changing of the Guard	d		
We believe the larger 1983 shakeup will occur elderly cadres. The rev Beijing's principal refor provincial party leaders	this year, driven primar: italization of party lead rm objectives, and one-th	nird of the ranking	25X1
flexibly: in some cases of dynamic pursuit of reform experience in managing sp	m goals, their close connoccific provinces.	retained because of their nections to Deng, or their	25X1
We believe the leadir	ng candidates for retirem	ment this year include:	
Guangdong's First has been reported	Secretary Ren Zhongyi, 6 to be in poor health.	69, a staunch reformer, who	25X1
the province in Au to bring the provi are now substantia	retary <u>Gao Yang</u> , about 70 agust 1982 to improve agrance in line with central ally completed. Gao has commission since 1982.	o, who was transferred to ricultural performance and policies - tasks which been a member of the	25X1
Liaoning's First S	Secretary <u>Guo</u> Feng, mid-7 Guo also holds a posit	Os, China's oldest ion on the Central	25X1
<u>Su Yiran</u> , 71, who Buting since March Shandong - he was	has shared Shandong's pa	rty leadership with Liang as established himself in from the less populated re.	25X1
	2		
	SECRET		25 <b>X</b> 1

	SECRET		
			25 <b>X</b> 1
The Holdovers			
provincial leadership pos the reformist leadership, questionable. If Beijing the strength of the refor are dragging their feet o	es to Deng Xiaoping's formults. They have been careful but their commitment to resucceeds in replacing the mists and give a warning to reforms. With one except denoting the retirement age for proving the contract of the co	to pay lip service to eform programs is m, it will both augment o lower-level cadre who tion these men are past	25X1
<u>An Pingsheng</u> , abou February 1977 by t subject of retirem	t 70, was appointed Yunnan hen-Party Chairman Hua Guo ent rumors.	's First Secretary in feng. The frequent	25X1
of Guangxi's Cultu holds his Politbur and his Cultural R connected with him	as First Secretary in Guang ral Revolution strongman We o rank, but his perceived evolution background are 1 Recent national press co Yunnan's 'senior leading	ei Guoqing. Wei still estrangement from Deng iabilities to those overage of continuing	25X1
reflects Beijing's	dissatisfaction with An.	caures in our view	25 <b>X</b> 1
Guangxi's First Se is a protege of We factionalism in th	, replaced An Pingsheng in cretary. Qiao's problems a i Guoqing, he has failed to e province or promote econo the rectification program	are legion: like An he control virulent omic growth, and his	
			25X6
In our ju	dgment, much of the adminis	stration of Guangxi has	25 <b>X</b> 6
Chunshu.	reform-minded deputy secre	caries, led by Wei	25 <b>X</b> 1
Hunan's First Secrementor, Hua Guofeng influence there is publicized cases of reforms. Since Hua	as demonstrated remarkable etary since being appointed g. Hunan was Hua's province still strong. The national Hunan cadres obstructing a's downfall there have been	d in June 1977 by his cial base and leftist al press has frequently economic and political	
account for Mao's princlude his youth (because of age), his regular public self	replaced,  political longevity, but fa (which denies Beijing the e is evidently strong province f-criticisms for Hunan's fa mid-January People's Daily	We cannot fully actors in his favor excuse of retiring him cial support, and his allure to toe the	25X1 25X1
	3 SECRET		

Approved For Release 2009/10/13 : CIA-RDP85T01058R000100980001-8

	SECRET	25X1
	criticized Hunan's rectification efforts may have been part of a new effort to shake Mao from his post, but he seems to have again escaped the axe with a public pledge to maintain unity with the central leadership delivered in late January.	25X1
	Chi Biqing, 66, another protege of Hua Guofeng, was appointed First Secretary in Guizhou in July 1980. Information on Chi's political health is scarce; his appointment during the transitional period when Hua's star was fading may mark him as a compromise candidate who has been acceptable to the reformists. He has generally supported economic reforms, but a recent Chinese economic journal article which termed Guizhou's backwardness "shocking" may signal	25X1
S 0	difficulty for Chi.	23/1
	ther Troublespots .	
Adoprovin	ditional leadership changes may take place in Shanghai and in Fujian ce to limit infighting within leadership groups in those areas.	25X1
	Chen Guodong, 62, First Secretary of Shanghai municipality, is reported to be at loggerheads with Shanghai Mayor Wang Daohan, 69, over the direction of economic reforms in Shanghai. Shanghai's economic performance has disappointed Deng and his proteges in the national leadership, who have wanted the city's massive bureaucratic apparatus to move more quickly on economic reforms.	25X1
	a development strategy for the city which includes trimming the role of the party bureaucracy has been worked out. We believe a shake-up in Shanghai's leadership is likely - there are persistent rumors that Chen will step down soon, and that Wang will retire later this year or early in 1986 once the development program is implemented.	25X1 25X1 25X1
<b></b>	Ma Xingyuan, 67. Fujian Party Secretary and acknowledged leader of the 'Shanxi' faction, is one of the individuals resisting First Secretary Xiang Nan's efforts to reduce factionalism in Fujian. Some of Fujian's factions date from the late 1940s when the province was liberated by army units out of Shanxi province - units whose personnel stayed on to take up administrative posts in Fujian.	25X1
	It is not clear, however, whether Ma, who has held his current position since 1975, can be dislodged.	25X1 25X1
On The	Way Up	
nationa	ng's push to retire elderly cadre may create some vacancies at the all level, and a number of provincial party leaders are possible ates for promotion to these slots. The upwardly mobile provincial	•
	4	

SECRET

SECRET	25 <b>X</b> 1
leaders include Fujian First Secretary <u>Xiang Nan</u> , 66, a Communist Youth League associate of Hu Yaobang,  Shandong Party Secretary <u>Liang Buting</u> , about 64, is also tied to Hu Yaobang through the Communist Youth League; we believe his prospects for eventual transfer to a central position are good.	25X1 25X1 25X1
Additional model, and possibly upwardly-mobile, provincial leaders include Shanxi Secretary Li Ligong, 59; Sichuan Secretary Yang Rudai, 57; Beijing Secretary and Mayor Chen Xitong, 54; and Tianjin Mayor and Secretary Li Ruihuan, 50. Yang is a protege of Zhao Ziyang, Chen and Li Ligong both have Communist Youth League connections with Hu Yaobang, and Li Ruihuan is reported to be a protege of Vice Premier Wan Li.	25X1
A number of provincial leaders who are past retirement age may	
continue to occupy their positions because of their unique qualifications or strong political connections to the national leadership.	25X1
Wang Enmao, 72, Xinjiang's First Secretary, brought order to the province following serious clashes between Han Chinese and Xinjiang's ethnic minorities in 1981. Although he is past retirement age, Beijing probably will retain Wang as party head because of his extensive experience in the province and his proven ability to maintain stability in this sensitive border region.	25X1
Zhou Hui, about 70, was recently reconfirmed Nei Mongol's party chief by the provincial party congress, and is not likely to be retired in the near future. We believe that, like Wang Enmao, Zhou has retained his position despite his age because of his experience in handling affairs in an ethnically mixed border region. He has also expressed strong support for the reform program.	25X1
Liu Jie, 67, Henan Party Secretary, was reconfirmed as head of the province's party committee last August despite his being a likely candidate for retirement - he has been on the Central Advisory Commission for over two years. We believe factors which weighed in his favor include his technical educational background, and his demonstrated skill at maintaining political stability in Henan.	25X1
<u>Bai Dongcai</u> , about 67, may retain his position as First Party Secretary in Jiangxi due to his long connections in the province, and despite a lackluster performance in carrying out reforms. Bai's personal connection with Deng Xiaoping is probably also a factor in his political longevity. In an article published last August, Deng Xiaoping's daughter disclosed that Bai had visited Deng while he was in political exile in Jiangxi during the Cultural Revolution and arranged to have Deng's living conditions improved.	25X1
5 SECRET	

SECRET	
	25 <b>X</b> 1
Elections to Select Provincial Party Leaders	
Articles in the <u>People's Daily</u> last November touted the use of elections in Shaanxi province, which has a troubled history, to select provincial party secretaries, and urged that elections be "properly introduced to other localities." The "elections" in Shaanxi were limited to 300 cadre at or above the county level. We believe they were supervised by representatives of the national leadership, but the process did allow some measure of choice and permitted frank discussion of the cnadidates.	25X1
Despite the favorable national coverage of the Shaanxi model, we believe elections will be used only in special cases. Recent provincial party congresses in Nei Monggol, Anhui and Jiangsu, for instance, have failed to use the election method. We believe Beijing will use elections primarily in badly factionalized provinces, where there is no consensus on who should be party boss. Beijing may hope that supervised elections will allow cadre to air factional grievances and create at least acceptance if not support for the new party leader.	25X1
Elimination of First Secretary Position	
We expect Beijing to continue gradually eliminating the "First Secretary" title. The change is intended to foster the appearance of rule by consensus rather than by a strongman. The change may also be intended to reflect the provincial party committees' reduced role as economic and administrative decision-making authority is transferred to lower-level bodies.	25X1
Despite the dropping of the "First Secretary" position, the reality of a leading figure on the committee remains. Provinces where the First Secretary position has been eliminated use the terms "Secretary" for the party head and "Deputy Secretary" for the other secretaries. Thus far 16 provincial-level committees have dropped the "First Secretary" position, either by retiring the position when the individual is replaced, or by eliminating the title after approval by the provincial-level party congress.	25X1

6 SECRET

SUBJECT: China: PROVINCIAL DEVELOPMENTS

Leadership Changes on the Horizon

EA M 85-10032

#### DISTRIBUTION:

# National Security Council

1 - David Laux Senior Assistant for China, Taiwan, and Hong Kong

## Department of State

- 1 Chris Clarke, INR/EAP/CH
- 1 Donald M. Anderson, Director, Office of Chinese Affairs
- 1 Jack Sontag, INR/EAP/CH
- 1 Charles Martin, INR/EAP/CH
- 1 Howard Lange, Office of Chinese Affairs
- 1 Carol Hamrin, INR/EAP
- 1 Donald Keyser, EA/C
- 1 Christopher Szymanski, EAP/C

#### Department of Defense

DIA/JSI

### Department of Commerce

- 1 Nai-Ruenn Chen, International Economist
- 1 Robert Perito, Chief, China Office

## Department of Treasury

1 - Steve Conner

## Central Intelligence Agency

- 1 Executive Director (7E12)
- 1 DDI (7E44)
- 1 NIO/EA (7E62)
- 1 C/EA/RR (5D10)
- 1 C/DDO/EA (5D38)
- 1 DDO/EA (5D54)
- 1 C/PES (7F24)
- 1 NIC/Analytical Group (7E47)
- 1 CPAS/ILS (7G50)
- 5 CPAS/IMC/CB (7G07)
- 2 OCR/DSG (1H19)
- 1 C/OCR/ISG/EA (1H18)

25X1

SECRET

25X1

	25X1
	•
1 - FBIS/NEAAD/CB/CE	25X1
1 - D/OEA (4F18)	
1 - C/OEA/CH (4G32) 1 - C/OEA/CH/DOM (4G32)	
1 - C/OEA/CH/DEF (4G32)	
1 - C/OEA/CH/FOR (4G32)	
1 - C/OEA/CH/DEV (4G32)	
1 - C/OEA/NA (4G43)	
1 - C/OEA/SE (4F38) 1 - C/OEA/PROD (4G32)	
(,0,2,	25X1

Approved For Release 2009/10/13 : CIA-RDP85T01058R000100980001-8

SECRET